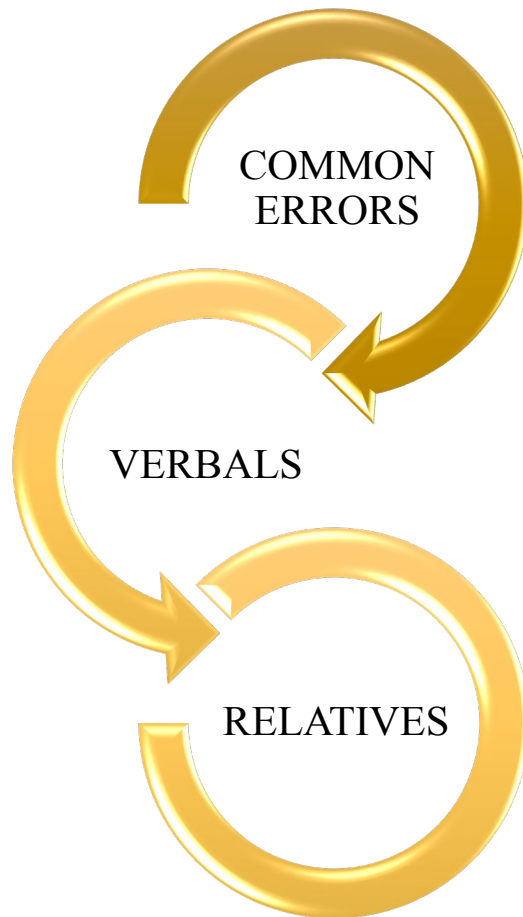


冬期講習

J 3



平岡塾

Common Errors*Correct errors, if any.*

1. The station master told me that the first train started at five every morning.
2. I thought I must write to him at once.
3. The bus arrived earlier than I expected it would.
4. Neither of these books are interesting.
5. My family is all very well.
6. I as well as he is looking for the book.
7. The number of the dogs are eleven.
8. Either you or Jane have made the mistake.
9. Half of the students was absent from the meeting.
10. It is you that is to blame.
11. A number of cows was grazing in the field.
12. Ham and eggs are their usual breakfast.
13. *Gulliver's Travels* were written by Swift.
14. Three fourths of the earth's surface are water.
15. Ten dollars are more than I can pay.
16. It is said that the rich is not always happy.
17. Not only she but also her parents was drowned in the lake.
18. Every boy and every girl must make up their mind.
19. She is one of those women who always speak ill of others.
20. Many a student has made the same mistake.
21. I will leave from Osaka, if it will not rain tomorrow.
22. His report does not sound truly.
23. I wanted to go, but my mother would not make me go.
24. The building which is standing on the hill is our school.
25. I walked up and down the street putting on my new dress.
26. This umbrella reminds me my dead mother.
27. He fell down the cherry tree in the yard yesterday.
28. How long does it take for me to go there?
29. Who can tell what will become of the world?
30. It has been already five years since we parted.
31. He sold the car which he bought two years ago.
32. The sun will set by the time she will get there.
33. We hardly left the hut when it began to rain.
34. Your composition is perfect, so far as grammar concerns.
35. He is well known by the people by his noble acts.
36. I was stolen my purse in the bus.
37. I firmly convince that he is an able man.
38. His books sell briskly in America.
39. We are pleasant with the new teacher.
40. This subject ought to be dealt.
41. I was made prepare my lessons.
42. Professor Smith proposed them that the laboratory was built.
43. It is time when we went to bed.
44. If God meant men to fly, He would have given them wings.
45. If it were not water, no creature could live on the earth.
46. He has never been abroad, but he talks as if he went there.
47. He said that the French Revolution had broken out in 1789.
48. He said to my new servant if he neglect his duty, he would be dismissed.
49. The boy exclaimed in joy that they had won.
50. He has been suggesting that they should go home before it should get dark.
51. He told me that the rumor had to be true.
52. Let us get up early lest we should not miss the first train.
53. The weather forecast tells whether it rains or not.
54. Will I go and bring you some tea?
55. I tried to make him join us, but he should not.
56. I can't have you smoked at your age.
57. As all my family went on a picnic, I must have stayed home all day.
58. If you study hard, you must make a good doctor.
59. I want to know to play the piano.
60. I found difficult to please him.
61. She is not perfect, to be surely, but she is pretty.
62. I have nothing to complain.
63. It's very nice for you to do such things.
64. This is the very book for him to read it.
65. Please allow me introduce Mr. Smith to you.
66. You had better not to go out for a walk alone.
67. She promised to not say that they had been there.
68. She was seen run up the stairs with tears in her eyes.
69. He was impossible to tell whether the news was true or not.
70. I intended to have seen him, and I succeeded.
71. I am sorry to have kept you wait so long.
72. Having been delayed by heavy snows, the train will arrive here two hours late.
73. I have been to the barber's to cut my hair.
74. Admitted what the driver said, I still thought he was to blame.
75. Walking along the street, a ten-thousand-yen bill was found by me.
76. I am sure of not his failing in the examination.
77. I'll never forget posting this letter tomorrow.
78. He devoted himself to collect old stamps.
79. What do you say to play tennis this afternoon?
80. Would you mind open the window?
81. I have received many kindnesses from him.
82. I have no camera, so I am going to buy it.
83. I don't know either of these three plants.
84. I wonder if he has some family trouble.
85. Won't you have any more coffee?
86. Anybody does not know the secret.
87. I feel lonely as I have a few friends here.
88. To know is one thing, to practice is the other.
89. There isn't some sugar left, too.
90. There are many furnitures in this room.
91. He wears glass when he reads paper.
92. The car is mine, and nobody else.
93. His this watch is very expensive.
94. The climate of this country is as good as Canada.
95. He seems he has missed the airplane.

- things.
27. He was very snobbish. He wouldn't talk to any of us.
 28. The package is very thick. I can't push it through the letterbox. (*Omit it*)
 29. He was very curious. He opened the letter.
 30. The dog was impatient. He wouldn't remain at the rathole.
 31. My rats are very clever. They can't be caught in traps.
 32. It was very dark. We couldn't see the signpost.
 33. It was very hot. You could fry an egg on the pavement.
 34. The oranges were very bitter. We couldn't eat them. (*Omit them*)
 35. Would you be very kind and turn down the gas fire a little?
 36. It was rather cloudy. We couldn't see the eclipse properly.

5

Various Infinitive Constructions

Replace the group of words in italics by an infinitive or an infinitive construction.

e.g. *It is important that he should understand this.*
 → **It is important for him to understand this.**
He was the first man who arrived.
 → **He was the first man to arrive.**

1. The captain was the last man *who left* the ship.
2. He got to the top *and was very disappointed when he found* that someone else had reached it first.
3. *The committee have decided to send you* to Paris. (You (go) to Paris, *omit* the committee have decided to send)
4. Would you be *very kind and* lend me your umbrella?
5. There are a lot of sheets *that need mending*.
6. I was astonished *when I heard* that he had left the country.
7. It is better *that he should hear* it from you.
8. *I was rude* to him, *which was stupid*. (It was stupid . . .)
9. If he had another child *with whom he could play* he would be happier.
10. It is necessary *that everyone should know* the truth.
11. There was no place *where we could sit*.
12. He put his hand into his pocket *and was astonished when he found* that his wallet wasn't there.
13. *He rushed* into the burning house, *which* was very brave of him. (It was very brave . . .)
14. I can't go to the party; I have nothing *that I can wear*.
15. *It is expected that he will broadcast* a statement to-night. (He is expected . . .)
16. I want a kitchen *where (= in which) I can cook*.
17. He reached the station exhausted *and was very disappointed when he learnt* that the train had just left.
18. Haven't you anything *with which you could open it?*
19. *It seems that the crime was committed* by a left-

- handed man. (The crime seems . . . *Use perfect infinitive passive*)
20. Is *it likely that he will arrive* before six? (Is he . . .)
21. I was *on the point of leaving* the house when the phone rang.
22. *This is the plan: someone will meet you* at the station . . . (You . . . (be met) at the station)
23. She is anxious *that they should have* every possible advantage.
24. *It is said that* he was a brilliant scientist. (He is said . . .)
25. The strikers decided *that the strike should continue*.
26. Would you be *very kind and translate* this for me?
27. It is advisable *that we should leave* the house separately.
28. *You signed* the document without reading it, *which was very stupid*. (It was stupid . . .)
29. *It is said that she has* a frightful temper. (She . . .)
30. He was the first man *who swam* the Channel.
31. *They believe that he is* honest. (He . . .)
32. *It appears that he was killed* with a blunt instrument. (He appears . . . *Use passive infinitive*)
33. He was the only one *who realized* the danger.
34. *It is said that the earth was* originally part of the sun. (The earth . . .)
35. He took out his spare wheel *and was very disappointed when he discovered* that that tyre was also punctured.
36. *It is said that the murderer is hiding* in the woods near your house.

6

Infinitive used to express purpose

Combine each of the following pairs of sentences into one sentence using **so as/in order** where necessary.

e.g. *He sent me to Spain. He wanted me to learn Spanish.*
 → **He sent me to Spain to learn Spanish.**
He turned out the light. He didn't want to waste electricity.
 → **He turned out the light so as not to waste electricity.**

1. I am buying paint. I want to paint my hall door.
2. He tied a knot in his handkerchief. He hoped that this would remind him to meet the train.
3. He opened the lions' cage. He intended to feed the lions.
4. He left his rifle outside. He didn't want to frighten his wife.
5. He has a box. He plans to put his savings in it. (*Omit it*)
6. We had no cups but he gave us coconut shells. He said we could drink out of them. (*Omit them*)
7. He rushed into the burning house. He wanted to save the child.
8. He read only for short periods each day. He didn't

関係詞

1. 適当な関係詞を用いて、次のそれぞれの文を1文にせよ。

- (1) Miss Brill had a little room.
It was very nice and warm even in winter.
- (2) The woman had her baby the next morning.
We took her to the hospital.
- (3) The man took out a small money bag.
Its inside was almost empty.

2. 次の文の()に適当な関係代名詞を入れよ。

- (1) There came more people () the hall could seat.
- (2) There are few boys () like baseball in Japan.
- (3) He told me such stories () my father used to do.
- (4) () is often the case with him, he was late for school this morning.
- (5) As many passengers () were in the bus were injured.
- (6) There is some truth in () he said.
- (7) Who was it () told the news to you?
- (8) The poor student had to sell () few books he had.
- (9) I saw a man and his horse () were resting by the roadside.
- (10) His mother has made him () he is today.

3. 次の2つの文を関係副詞を用いて1つの文に書き直せ。

- (1) He solved that difficult question in mathematics.
He explained to me the way.
- (2) Last year I visited Kyoto.
There I met an old friend of mine after a long time.
- (3) I know the exact time.
The earthquake occurred at that time.

4. 次の文中の関係副詞を、前置詞+関係代名詞に置き換えよ。

- (1) I shall never forget the day when we first met.
- (2) Tell me the reason why you were absent yesterday.
- (3) This is the village where my mother was brought up.
- (4) The time will come sooner or later when you will repent of it.

5. 次の各文の()に適当な複合関係詞を補え。

- (1) I'll carry () parcel is the heavier.
- (2) I did () was in my power.
- (3) () may say so, I will not believe it.
- (4) He will offer a helping hand to () he thinks to be in need of help.
- (5) () fast you may run, you will not be able to overtake him.
- (6) I would like to see you () it is convenient to you.

6. 次の各文の下線部分の品詞は、イ. 関係代名詞、ロ. 関係副詞、ハ. 疑問詞のうちのどれにあたるか。その記号をそれぞれの文の後の()に記入せよ。

- (1) Things are never where one wants them. ()
- (2) When he went out, he didn't tell me when he would be back. ()
- (3) Ask him what he has done. ()

- (4) There are times when what were once truths are true no longer. ()
- (5) Wait till Tuesday, when I shall tell you everything. ()

7. 次の各文の意味が等しくなるように空所に適当な語を入れよ。

- (1) The boy whom I thought to be honest deceived me.
The boy () I thought () honest deceived me.
- (2) There is no one who does not know such a simple matter.
There is no one () () such a simple matter.
- (3) I am ready to do what service may be in my power.
I am ready to do () service () may be in my power.
- (4) I had a friend of mine. He and I had served together in the army.
I had a friend of mine, () () I had served in the army.

8. 次の各文の()に適当な語を入れよ。

- (1) () money he earns he spends on drink.
- (2) He returned to his native village, () he spent the last few years of his life.
- (3) () students have come than the room can hold.
- (4) To my surprise he was a student at the university () I teach!
- (5) No Japanese ever asks an unexpected question: that is () Japanese interviewers are always so boring.
- (6) I go there whenever I have time, () isn't often.
- (7) Show us () this machine works.
- (8) All in all, Kanazawa is my ideal of () true Japan should be like.

9. 次の各文の空所に入れるのに最も適当な語を、後に与えられた語の中から選べ。

- (1) How disappointing () he should have failed!
- (2) Nobody would employ John, () they all know is dishonest.
- (3) I wonder () has become of him.
- (4) () was natural in view of his musical past, he was enjoying the music enormously.
- (5) All this, () it takes me so long to describe, impressed itself upon me in a few seconds.

[イ.as ロ.he ハ.that ニ.what ホ.which ヘ.who]

10. 次の各文をそれぞれ指示に従って書き換えよ。

- (1) There is no reason why he should get angry. (不定詞を用いて Simple Sentence に)
- (2) A foreigner asked me a question in English and French. I could not speak either of the languages. (形容詞節を含み I で始まる複文に)
- (3) I saw a man in rags. To my surprise he proved to be a millionaire. (関係代名詞を用いて1つの文に)

11. 次の(1)~(3)の各組の英文1~4のうち、誤りのある文を1つずつ選び、その番号を○で囲め。